Observation Framework:

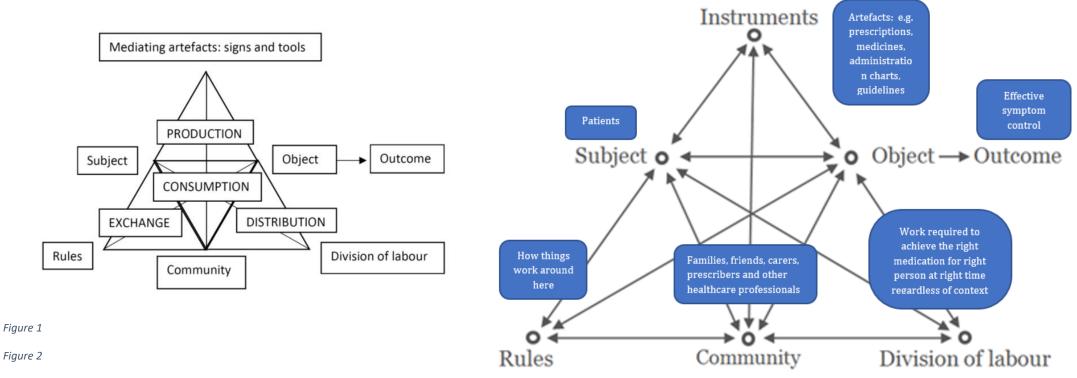
Fieldnotes will be completed using a combination of:

1. 'In the field': jot notes (hand-written during or immediately after observations / conversations / interviews) +/- short excerpts of video/audio data collected during time in study sites / with study participants

2. Researcher descriptions, reflections and tentative interpretations created at the end of each period of contact with study sites/participants

Activity Theory (figures 1&2) will be used as a framework to focus on:

- Hot spots (areas most talked about / considered by participants to be problematic) and cold spots (areas which participants do not pay obvious attention to but have potential to be problematic)
- Production, consumption, exchange, distribution
- Outcome(s) of different interactions between people, artefacts and institutions in the system
- Signs and tools used



Template for summarising jot notes with other observational data:

Date		Reflections on:
Place		Participants: How do they know what they know? What has shaped their perspective? How do they perceive others including research team?
People observed (roles/pseudo-names)		
Key words and phrases related to process points of medication management: O Decision-making Prescribing O Monitoring and supply O Use (Administration) O Stopping/disposal of medications O Moving across healthcare contexts		Researcher: What do I now know? How? What is shaping my perspective? Others: How do people make sense of what is being explored? All: What sociocultural influences might be at play? (e.g. trust, power, values), How is language used?
Details of observation (context)		Notes on division of labour and practice etiquette
Timed log of events: time	Timed log of events: event/activities/interactions	Notes on comparison between intended and experienced processes including when, how, why processes disturbances impact on quality and safety
'Thick' description of activity, social interactions and behaviours including: - different perspectives by role/identity - changes in transition and between different settings of home, hospice, hospital		Methodological notes
		Emerging questions / analyses – explanations and possible interpretations
		Future action / focus for research

Interviews with be conducted using a semi-structured approach with:

- Patients and informal carers (if carer interviewed separately tailor questions to ask about their perspective on the person they care for)
- Professionals

Framework for interviews:

- 1. Experiences of medications for symptom control in palliative care
 - a. Ask participant to describe their experiences as a patient/carer/professional
 - b. Prompt for specific examples and explanations
 - i. What was happening?
 - ii. Who was involved?
 - iii. What needed to be done before/during/after each event or activity?
 - iv. What was good / worked well?
 - v. What wasn't good / didn't work?
 - vi. What could have made a difference?
 - c. Probe for detail on each step of the process (i.e each unit of analysis in the process) and the links/breakdowns between steps
 - i. Decision-making/Starting a medication
 - ii. Discussion of risks and benefits
 - iii. Prescribing /Taking/Adding a medication
 - iv. Monitoring and supply / Reviewing a medication
 - v. Administration
 - vi. Repurposing medications
 - vii. Addressing new concerns
 - viii. Stopping medications
 - ix. Moving across healthcare contexts
 - d. Ask about objects/tools mentioned and how these are used e.g. lists, prescriptions, medication boxes, reminders etc.
 - e. Ask who is responsible for what in each part of the process?
 - f. Ask how decisions are made?

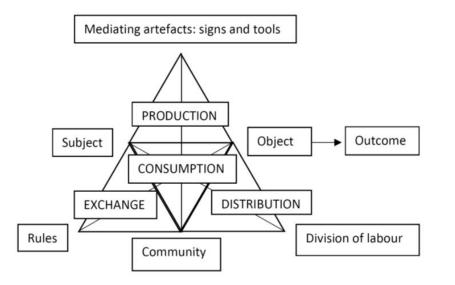
g. Ask about 'how things work around here?' – what are the informal ways of working / getting things done? Are there 'rules' or understandings of things that 'are just how it is done'

2. Differences between settings

- a. How do things work at home v hospice v hospital (as applicable to each participants experience)?
- b. What happens when people move between settings
 - i. Admissions and discharges

3. Discussion of AT framework:

- a. explain framework (as shown in figure 1) to participant and seek their feedback on how use of medication for symptom control in palliative care plays out within the system
 - i. thinking about the system from different perspectives ask participants how they think others see the system: patients/carers/professionals and how the system is viewed from hospice/hospital to home and vice versa?
 - ii. Where are there contradictions or breakdowns in the system?



4. Anything else the participant would like to add?